

New Physics in

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}$$

Minoru Tanaka
Osaka U

in collaboration with Y.Sakaki, A. Tayduganov and R. Watanabe

KEK-FF 2015
Tokyo, Oct. 26 2015

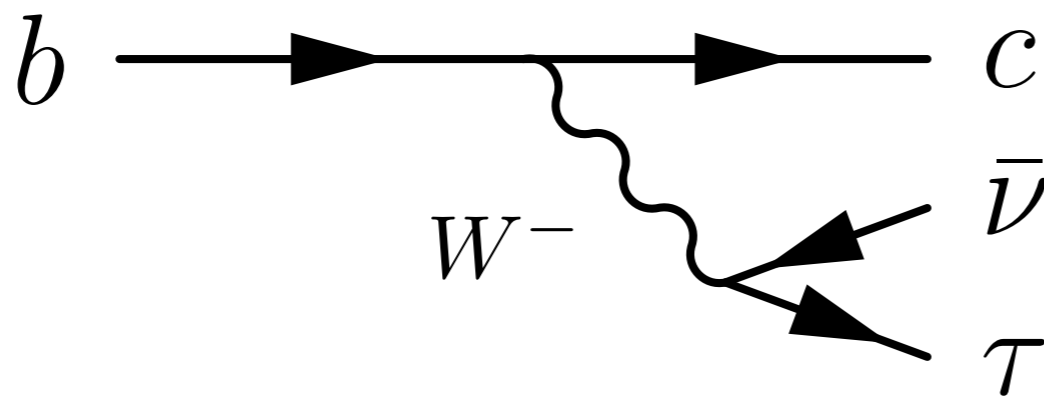
Introduction

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu} \quad \text{Br} \sim 0.7 + 1.3 \% \text{ in the SM}$$

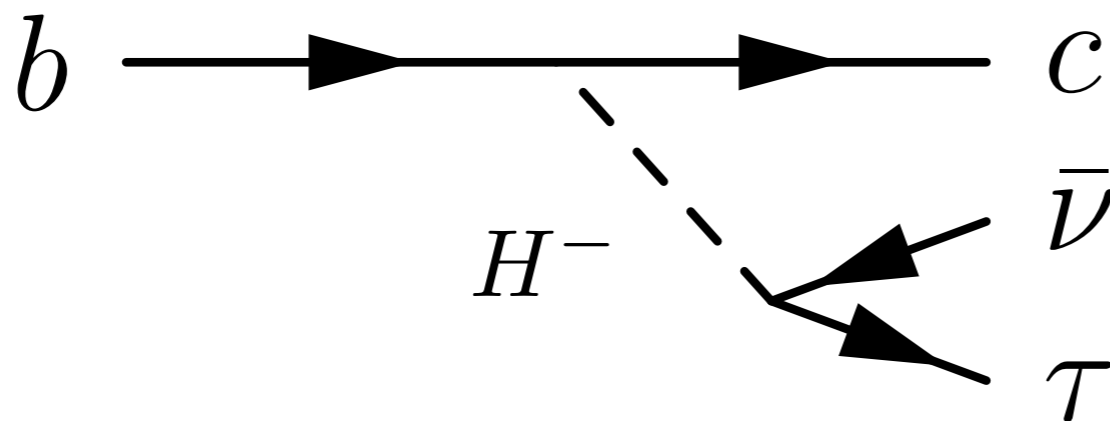
Not rare, but two or more missing neutrinos
Data available since 2007 (Belle, BABAR, LHCb)

Theoretical motivation

W.S. Hou and B. Grzadkowski (1992)

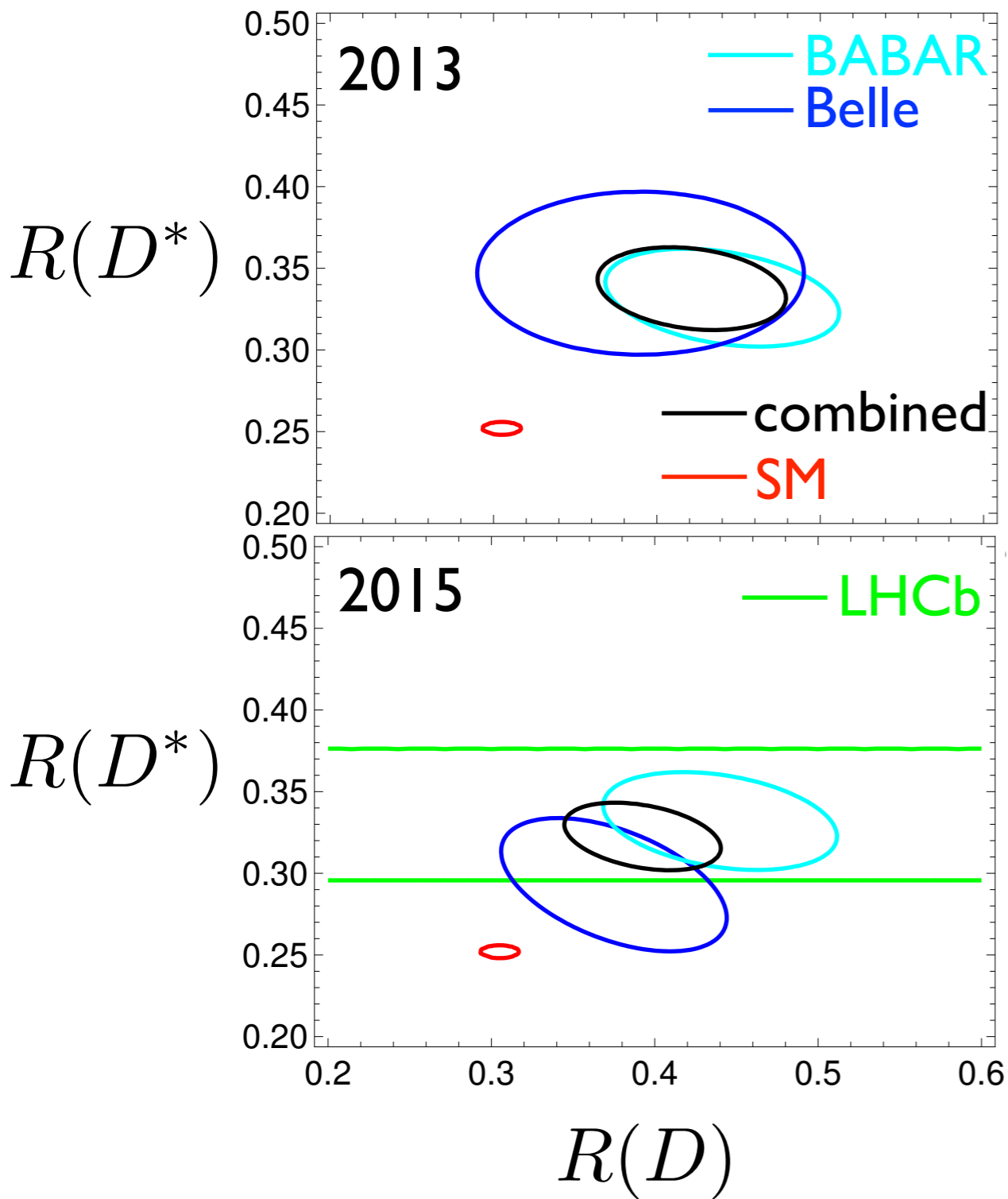


SM: gauge coupling
lepton universality



Type-II 2HDM (SUSY)
Yukawa coupling
 $\propto m_b m_\tau \tan^2 \beta$

Experiments



$$R(D) = 0.421 \pm 0.058$$

$$R(D^*) = 0.337 \pm 0.025$$

$\sim 3.5\sigma$

Y. Sakaki, MT, A. Tayduganov, R. Watanabe

$$R(D) = 0.391 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.028$$

$$R(D^*) = 0.322 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.012$$

$\sim 3.9\sigma$

HFAG

Standard model predictions

Theoretical uncertainty: form factors

data from $\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \bar{\nu}$ ($\ell = e, \mu$)

+ HQET or pQCD

+ lattice QCD

$$R(D) = 0.296 \pm 0.016 \text{ (Fajfer, Kamenik, Nisandzic)}$$

$$0.302 \pm 0.015 \text{ (Sakaki, MT, Tayduganov, Watanabe)}$$

$$0.299 \pm 0.011 \text{ (Bailey et al.)}$$

$$0.337^{+0.038}_{-0.037} \text{ (Fan, Xiao, Wang, Li)}$$

$$0.391 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.028 \text{ (Exp. HFAG)}$$

$$R(D^*) = 0.252 \pm 0.003 \text{ (Fajfer, Kamenik, Nisandzic)}$$

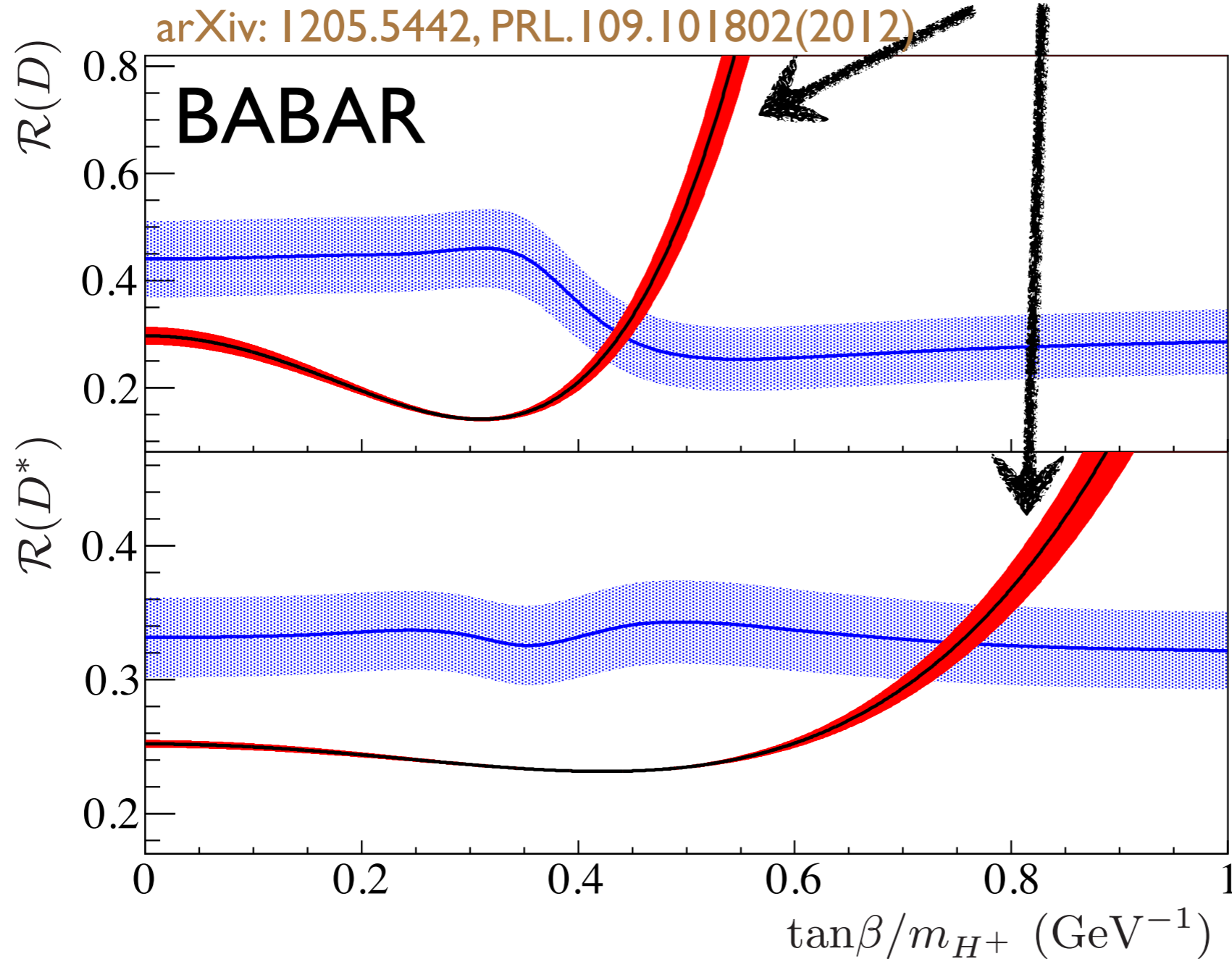
$$0.252 \pm 0.004 \text{ (Sakaki, MT, Tayduganov, Watanabe)}$$

$$0.269^{+0.021}_{-0.020} \text{ (Fan, Xiao, Wang, Li)}$$

$$0.322 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.012 \text{ (Exp. HFAG)}$$

Charged Higgs boson

predictions of 2HDM II



Charged Higgs *excluded* at 99.8% CL


Model-independent approach

MT, R.Watanabe, arXiv 1212.1878, PRD87.034028(2013).

Effective Lagrangian for $b \rightarrow c\tau\bar{\nu}$

all possible 4f operators with LH neutrinos

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = 2\sqrt{2}G_F V_{cb} \sum_{l=e,\mu,\tau} [(\delta_{l\tau} + C_{V_1}^l)\mathcal{O}_{V_1}^l + C_{V_2}^l\mathcal{O}_{V_2}^l + C_{S_1}^l\mathcal{O}_{S_1}^l + C_{S_2}^l\mathcal{O}_{S_2}^l + C_T^l\mathcal{O}_T^l]$$

 **SM**

$$\mathcal{O}_{V_1}^l = \bar{c}_L \gamma^\mu b_L \bar{\tau}_L \gamma_\mu \nu_{Ll},$$

SM-like, RPV, LQ, W'

$$\mathcal{O}_{V_2}^l = \bar{c}_R \gamma^\mu b_R \bar{\tau}_L \gamma_\mu \nu_{Ll},$$

RH current

$$\mathcal{O}_{S_1}^l = \bar{c}_L b_R \bar{\tau}_R \nu_{Ll},$$

charged Higgs II, RPV, LQ

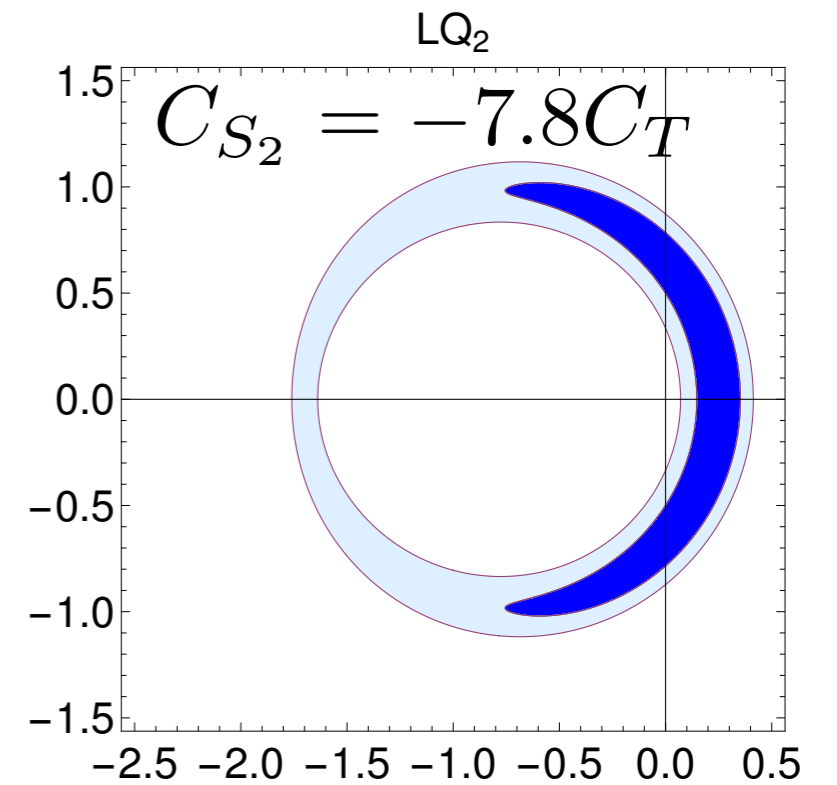
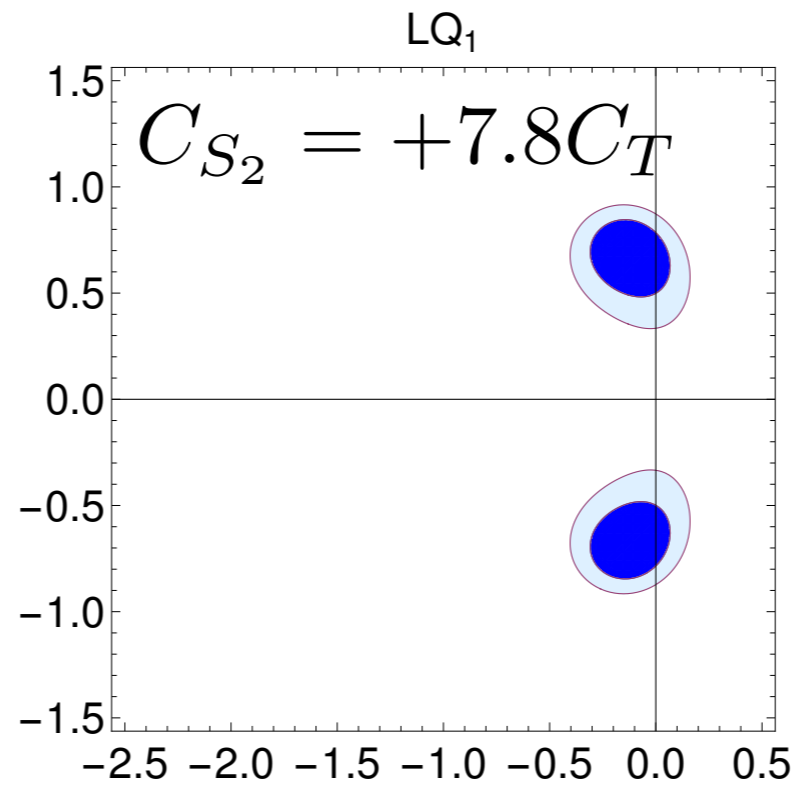
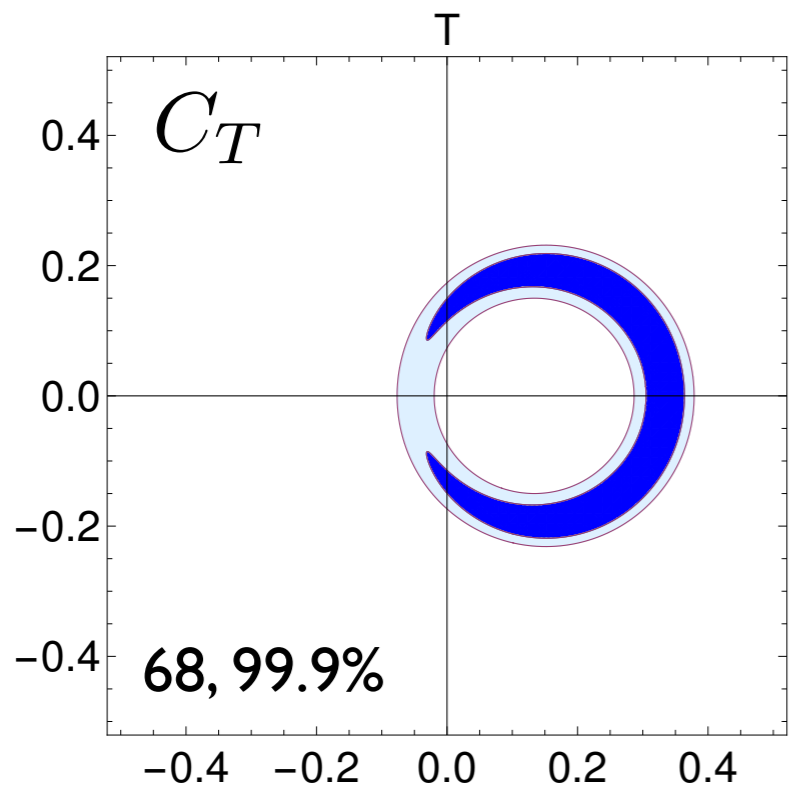
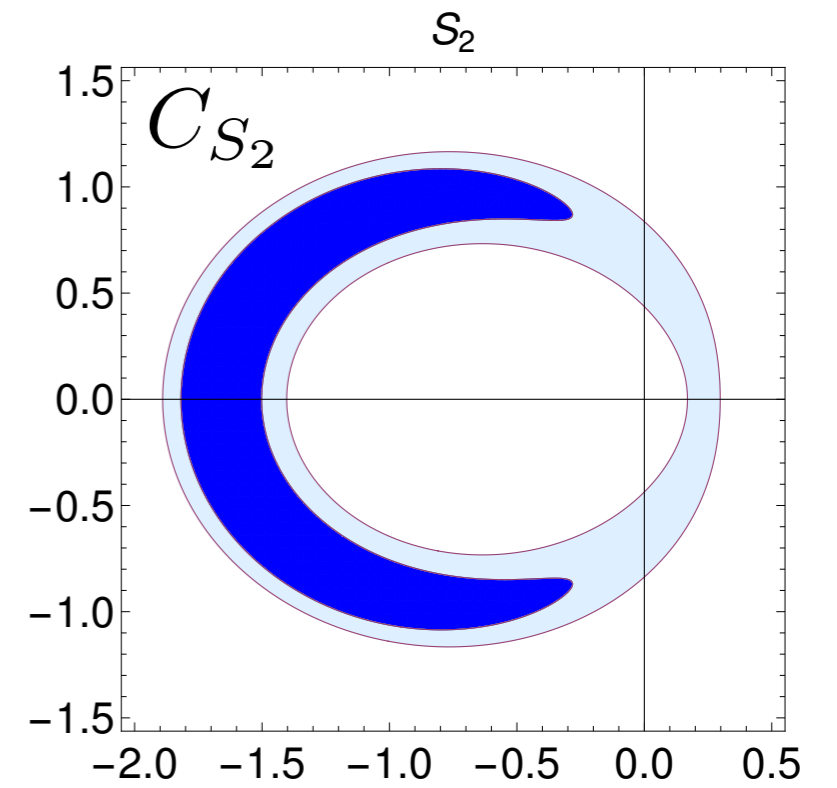
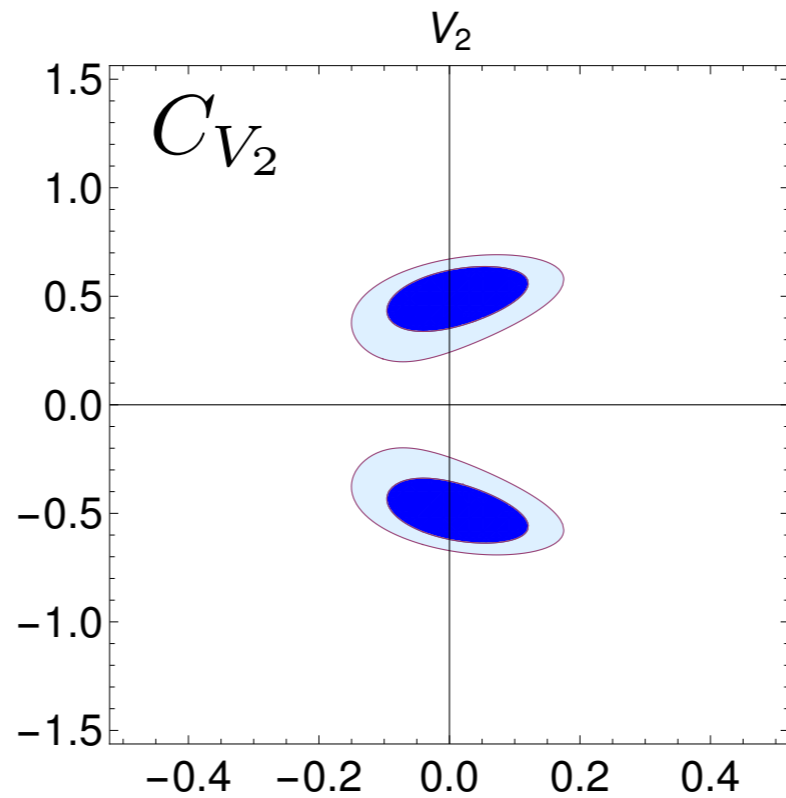
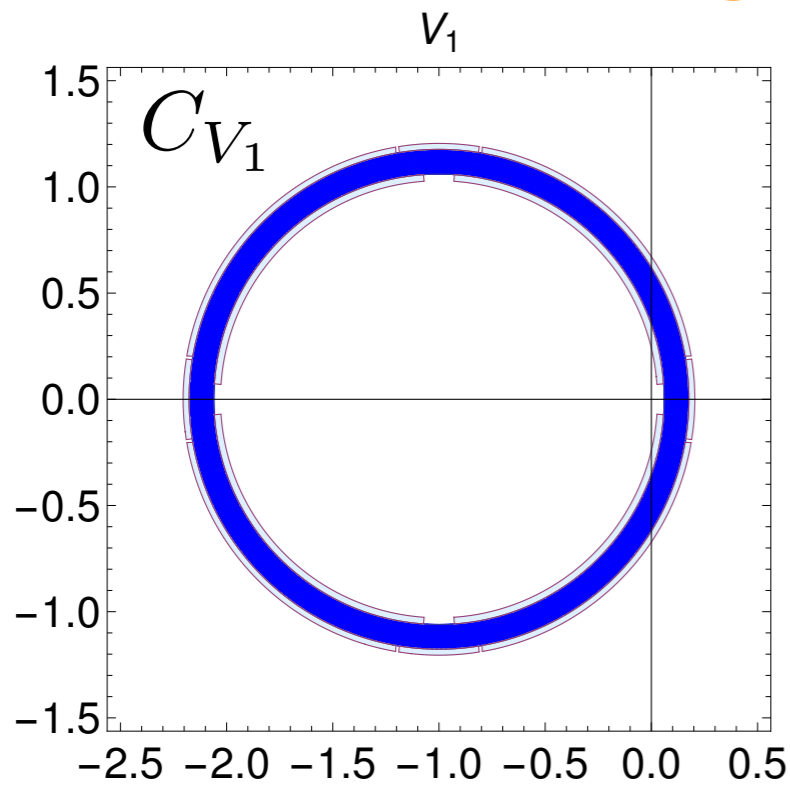
$$\mathcal{O}_{S_2}^l = \bar{c}_R b_L \bar{\tau}_R \nu_{Ll},$$

charged Higgs III, LQ

$$\mathcal{O}_T^l = \bar{c}_R \sigma^{\mu\nu} b_L \bar{\tau}_R \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ll}$$

LQ

Allowed regions



Leptoquark models

Six types of LQ possible Buchmueller, Ruckl, Wyler (1987)

| | S_1 | S_3 | V_2 | R_2 | U_1 | U_3 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| spin | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| $F = 3B + L$ | -2 | -2 | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $SU(3)_c$ | 3^* | 3^* | 3^* | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| $SU(2)_L$ | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| $U(1)_{Y=Q-T_3}$ | 1/3 | 1/3 | 5/6 | 7/6 | 2/3 | 2/3 |

$$C_{V_1}^l = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}G_F V_{cb}} \sum_{k=1}^3 V_{k3} \left[\frac{g_{1L}^{kl} g_{1L}^{23*}}{2M_{S_1^{1/3}}^2} - \frac{g_{3L}^{kl} g_{3L}^{23*}}{2M_{S_3^{1/3}}^2} + \frac{h_{1L}^{2l} h_{1L}^{k3*}}{M_{U_1^{2/3}}^2} - \frac{h_{3L}^{2l} h_{3L}^{k3*}}{M_{U_3^{2/3}}^2} \right], \quad \text{constrained by } \bar{B} \rightarrow X_S \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$C_{V_2}^l = 0,$$

$$C_{S_1}^l = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}G_F V_{cb}} \sum_{k=1}^3 V_{k3} \left[-\frac{2g_{2L}^{kl} g_{2R}^{23*}}{M_{V_2^{1/3}}^2} - \frac{2h_{1L}^{2l} h_{1R}^{k3*}}{M_{U_1^{2/3}}^2} \right], \quad \text{disfavored}$$

$$C_{S_2}^l = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}G_F V_{cb}} \sum_{k=1}^3 V_{k3} \left[-\frac{g_{1L}^{kl} g_{1R}^{23*}}{2M_{S_1^{1/3}}^2} - \frac{h_{2L}^{2l} h_{2R}^{k3*}}{2M_{R_2^{2/3}}^2} \right],$$

$$C_T^l = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}G_F V_{cb}} \sum_{k=1}^3 V_{k3} \left[\frac{g_{1L}^{kl} g_{1R}^{23*}}{8M_{S_1^{1/3}}^2} - \frac{h_{2L}^{2l} h_{2R}^{k3*}}{8M_{R_2^{2/3}}^2} \right],$$

$$C_{S_2}(m_{LQ}) = \pm 4C_T(m_{LQ})$$

RG

$$C_{S_2}(m_b) = \pm 7.8C_T(m_b)$$

q2 distribution

Y. Sakaki, MT, A. Tayduganov, R. Watanabe
arXiv:1412.3761; PRD91, 14028 (2015)

Several possible NP scenarios

$$V_1 : C_{V_1} = 0.16 \text{ (0.12)} \quad (\dots) \text{ current best fits}$$

$$V_2 : C_{V_2} = 0.01 \pm 0.60i \text{ (0.01} \pm 0.51i)$$

$$S_2 : C_{S_2} = -1.75 \text{ (-1.67)}$$

$$T : C_T = 0.33 \text{ (0.34)}$$

$$\text{LQ}_1 : C_{S_2} = 7.8C_T = -0.17 \pm 0.80i \text{ (-0.12} \pm 0.69i)$$

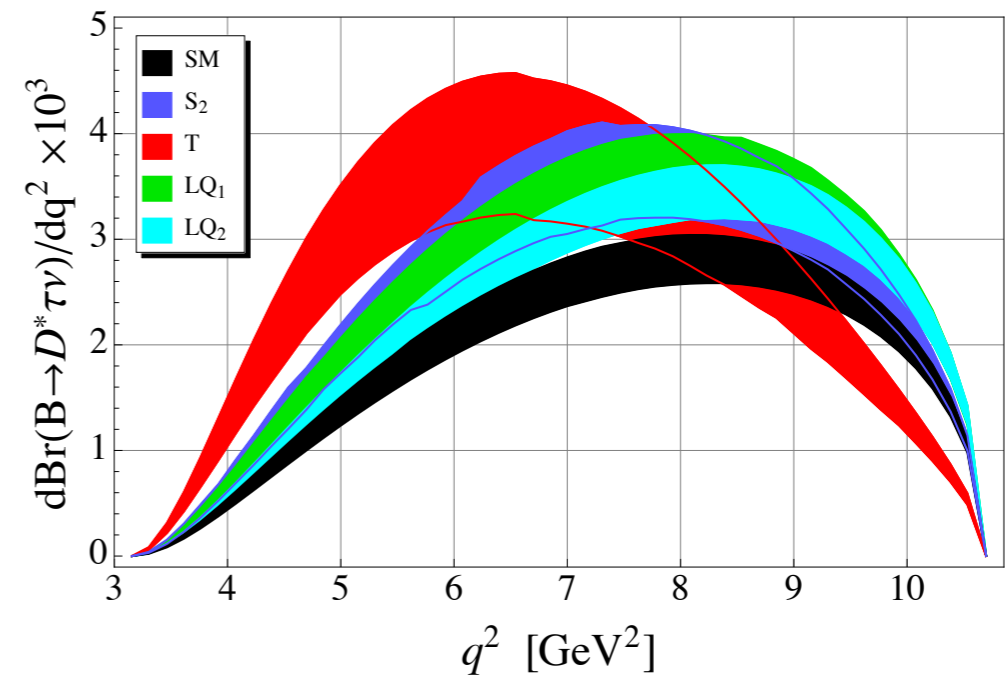
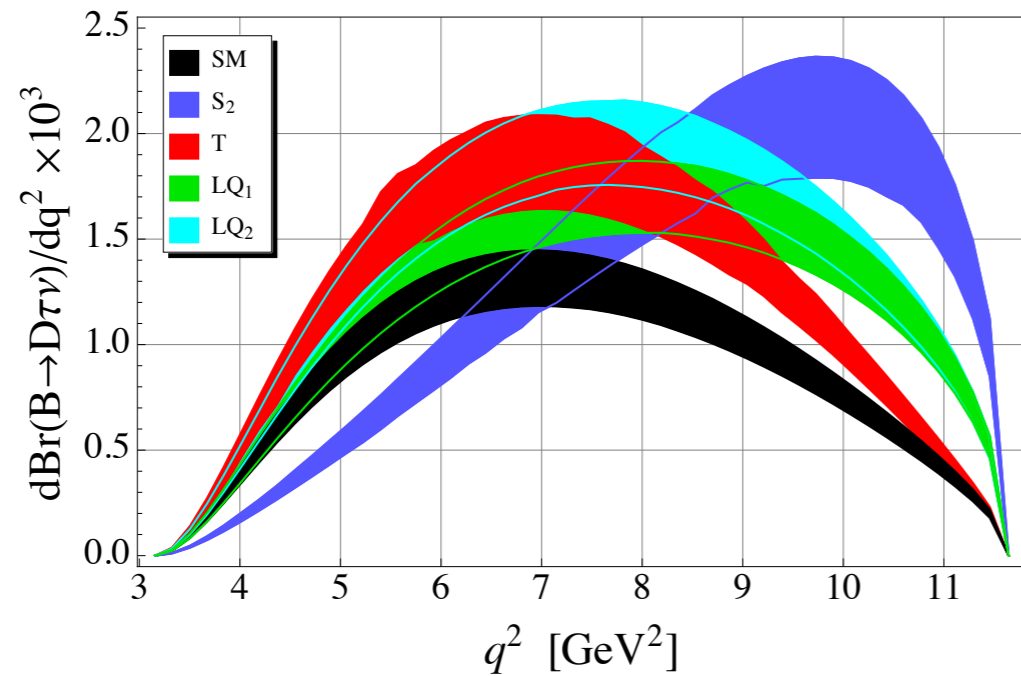
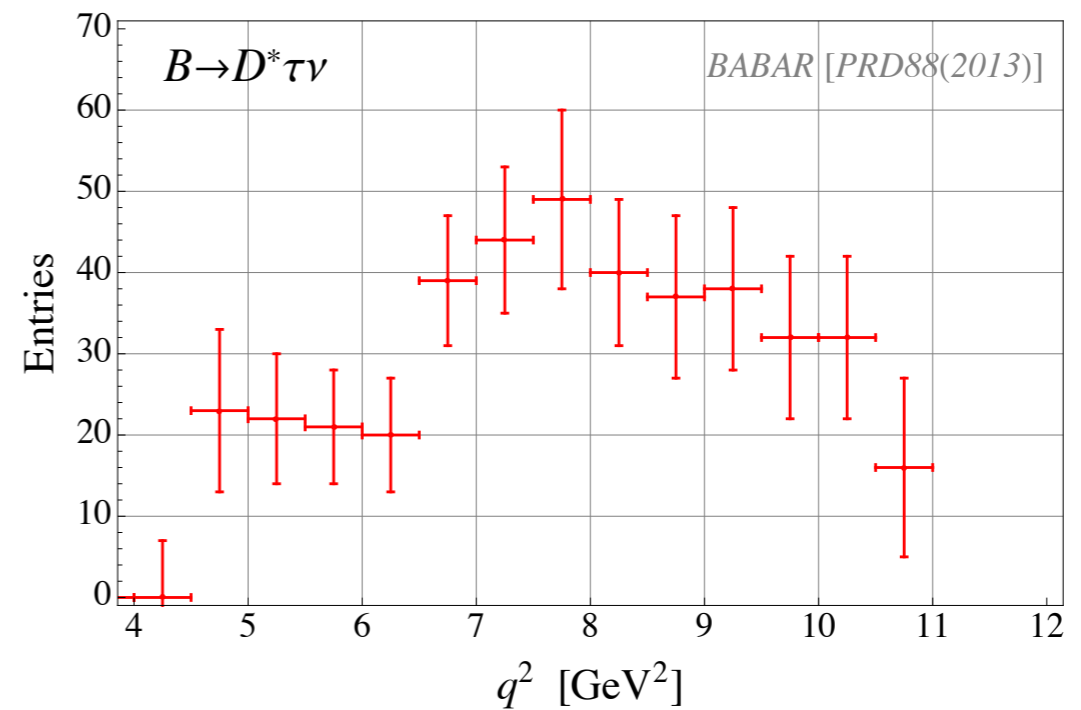
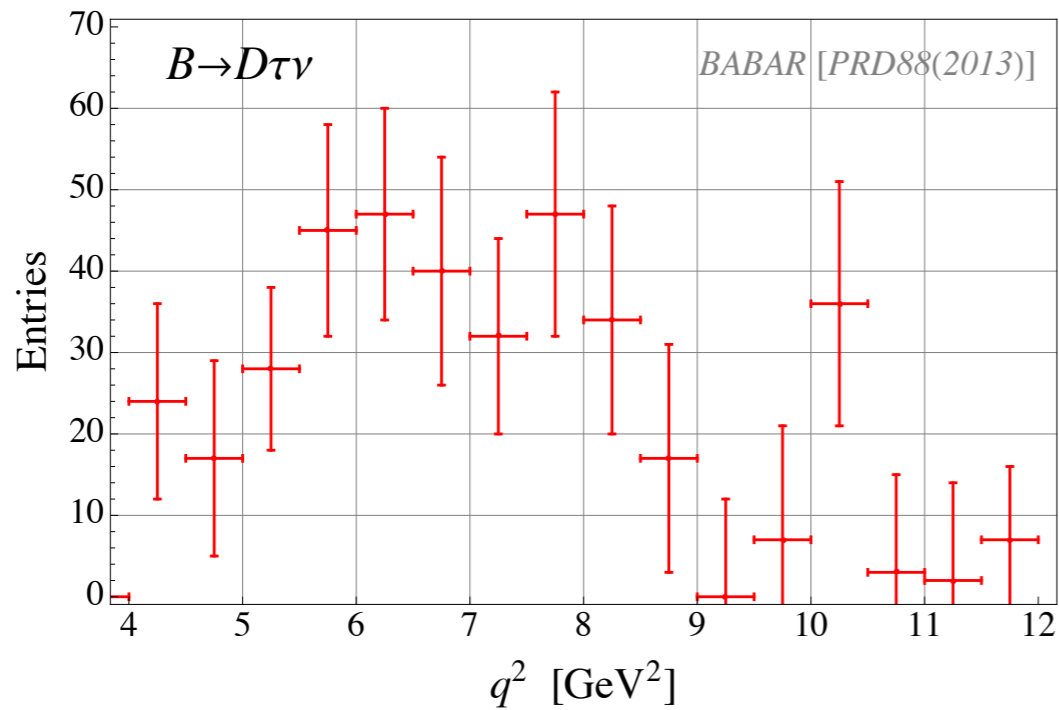
$$\text{LQ}_2 : C_{S_2} = -7.8C_T = 0.34 \text{ (0.25)}$$

How to discriminate: other observables

A_{FB}, P_τ, P_{D^*} rather hard to measure

$$q^2 = (p_B - p_{D^{(*)}})^2 \quad \text{easier}$$

Implication of the BABAR q^2 data



p value

| model | $\bar{B} \rightarrow D\tau\bar{\nu}$ | $\bar{B} \rightarrow D^*\tau\bar{\nu}$ | $\bar{B} \rightarrow (D + D^*)\tau\bar{\nu}$ |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| SM | 54% | 65% | 67% |
| V_1 | 54% | 65% | 67% |
| V_2 | 54% | 65% | 67% |
| S_2 | 0.02% | 37% | 0.1% |
| T | 58% | 0.1% | 1.0% |
| LQ_1 | 13% | 58% | 25% |
| LQ_2 | 21% | 72% | 42% |

S_2, T disfavored

$LQ_{1,2}$ (combinations of S_2, T) allowed

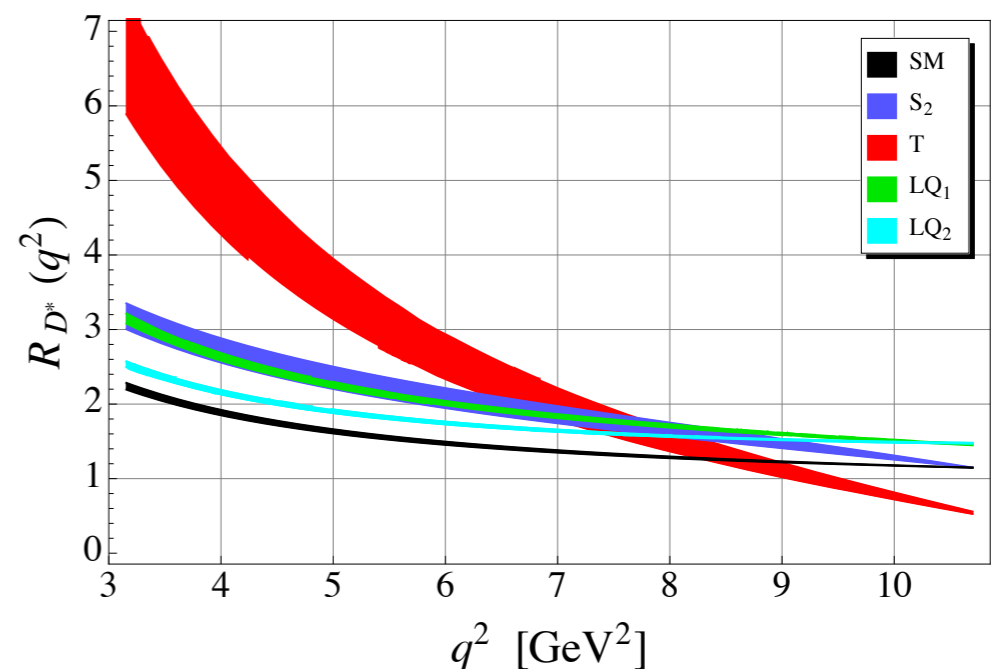
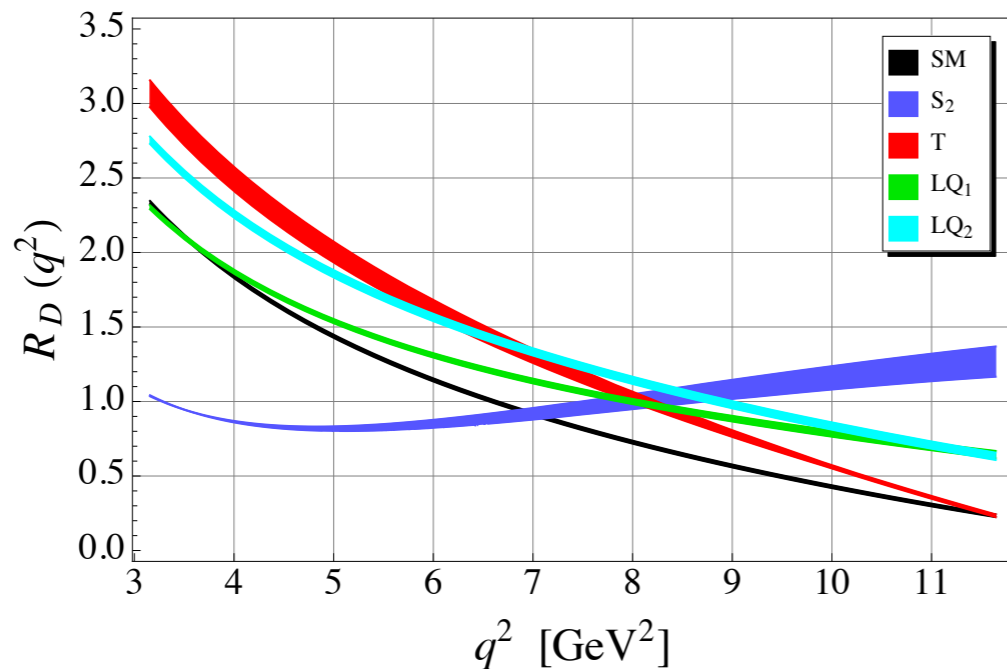
Ratio of the q^2 distributions

$$R_D(q^2) \equiv \frac{d\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D\tau\bar{\nu})/dq^2}{d\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D\ell\bar{\nu})/dq^2} \frac{\lambda_D(q^2)}{(m_B^2 - m_D^2)^2} \left(1 - \frac{m_\tau^2}{q^2}\right)^{-2}$$

$$R_{D^*}(q^2) \equiv \frac{d\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^*\tau\bar{\nu})/dq^2}{d\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^*\ell\bar{\nu})/dq^2} \left(1 - \frac{m_\tau^2}{q^2}\right)^{-2} .$$

$$\lambda_{D^{(*)}}(q^2) = ((m_B - m_{D^{(*)}})^2 - q^2)((m_B + m_{D^{(*)}})^2 - q^2)$$

No V_{cb} dependence, less form factor uncertainties



Simulated data vs tested models

χ^2 of the binned $R_{D^{(*)}}(q^2)$

Required luminosity to exclude the tested model

| \mathcal{L} [fb ⁻¹] | | model | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | SM | V_1 | V_2 | S_2 | T | LQ ₁ | LQ ₂ |
| “data” | V_1 | 1170 (270) | | 10 ⁶ (×) | 500 (×) | 900 (×) | 4140 (×) | 2860 (1390) |
| | V_2 | 1140 (270) | 10 ⁶ (×) | | 510 (×) | 910 (×) | 4210 (×) | 3370 (1960) |
| | S_2 | 560 (290) | 560 (13750) | 540 (36450) | | 380 (×) | 1310 (35720) | 730 (4720) |
| | T | 600 (270) | 680 (×) | 700 (×) | 320 (×) | | 620 (×) | 550 (1980) |
| | LQ ₁ | 1010 (270) | 4820 (×) | 4650 (×) | 1510 (×) | 800 (×) | | 5920 (1940) |
| | LQ ₂ | 1020 (250) | 3420 (1320) | 3990 (1820) | 1040 (20560) | 650 (4110) | 5930 (1860) | |

(...): integrated quantities

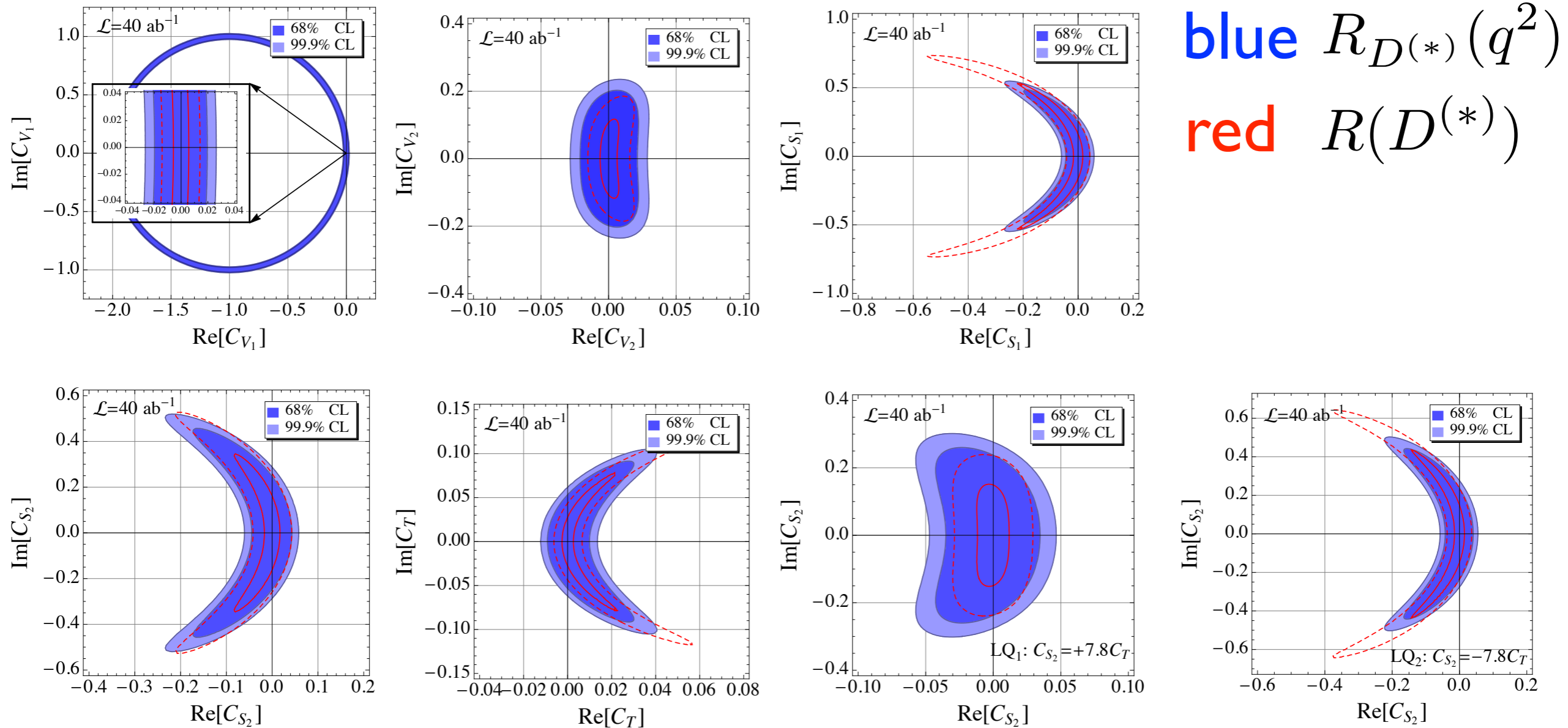
99.9 % CL

$L \lesssim 6 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ in most cases

 A good target at an earlier stage of Belle II

Belle II sensitivity at 40/ab

Assuming exp. = SM for $R(D)$, $R(D^*)$



$$M_{\text{NP}} \gtrsim \begin{matrix} \text{blue (7), red (6)} & \text{blue (6), red (7)} & \text{blue (10), red (7)} & \text{blue (7), red (6)} & \text{blue (6), red (6)} & \text{TeV} \\ V_{1,2} & S_{1,2} & T & \text{LQ}_1 & \text{LQ}_2 & \end{matrix}$$

Outlook

- Excess of semitauonic B decays

$$R(D), R(D^*) \sim 4\sigma$$

- Testing NP with the q^2 distribution

The earlier stage of Belle II $\sim 5-10$ /ab

- Other observables $A_{FB}, P_\tau, P_{D^*}, R(X_c)$

Belle II, LHCb prospect?

- Flavor structure of possible NP

MFV? $(\bar{u}b)(\bar{\tau}\nu)$?

Related talks and a session

M. Rotondo, Mon.

R. Watanabe, Mon.

Z. Ligeti, WGI, Wed.

K. Adamczyk, WGI, Wed.

J. Hansenbusch, WGI, Wed.

F. Bernlochner, WGI, Wed.

Y. Sato, WG9, Thu.

Discussion on $R(D)$ and $R(D^*)$, WGI, Wed.